

**SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU**

**HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2022-23]**

**Subject: Social Science**

**Class: VI Max. Marks: 80**

**Date: 21.09.2022 Reading time: 8:00 am to 8:15 am**

**No. of sides: 6 Writing Time: 8:15 am to 10.45 am**

**General Instructions:**

* The Question Paper is divided into 5 Sections with 35 Questions
* Section A has 20 Questions. Question 01 – 20 for 1 mark each
* Section B has 03 Questions. Question 21 – 23 for 4 marks each
* Section C has 06 Questions. Question 24 – 29 for 3 marks each
* Section D has 05 Questions. Question 30 – 34 for 5 marks each
* Section E has 02 Questions 35.1 map based Question & 35.2 Diagram based Question

Question 35.1 History map for 3 marks

Question 35.2 Geography diagram for 2 marks

**Section- A (1x20=20)**

1. Men and women first began to grow crops such as wheat and barley 1

about \_\_\_\_\_\_years ago.

1. 6000 b) 7000 c) 4000 d) 8000
2. The south of Ganga was known as Magadha, now lying in the state of 1

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Bihar b) Jharkhand c) Odissa d) Kerala
2. Traces of ash have been found here 1
3. Inamgaon b) Burzahom c) Kurnool caves d) Mehrgarh
4. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was a central figure in the rituals. 1
5. Raja b) Priest c) Shudras d) Women
6. A new tool, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ was used to dig the earth for turning the soil and 1

planting seeds.

1. Axe b) Spade c) Sickle d) Plough
2. Means organization or association 1
3. Gana b)Sangha c)Tribe d) Clan
4. The earliest reference to Sindhi literature is contained in the writings 1

of \_\_\_\_\_ historians.

1. Persians b)Arabs c) Mughals d)None of the above
2. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sind was re-established as a province of Pakistan. 1
3. 1970 b) 1980 c) 1960 d) 1990
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fort is also a landmark of the Indus Valley Civilization. 1
5. Kingkot b) Queenkot c) Ranikot d) Rajakot
6. The Sun’s rays fall vertical on the Tropic of Cancer on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
7. 22nd December b) 21st June c) 23rd September d) 21st March
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a true model of earth. 1
9. Globe b) Map c) Sketch d)Atlas
10. In India \_\_\_\_\_\_ is treated as the Standard Meridian. 1
11. 82o 30’W b) 82o 30’E c) 81o 30’W d) 81o 30’E
12. Christmas is celebrated in summer in \_\_\_\_\_. 1
13. Japan b)Australia c) Pakistan d) China
14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means earth like shape. 1
15. Geoid b)Sphere c) Elliptical d) Elongated
16. Samir Do’s parents lived in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
17. Meerut b) Delhi c) Bhopal d)Bihar
18. Ladakh is also called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
19. Little China b) Little Nepal c) Little Tibet d) Little India
20. A) The government makes laws and everyone who lives in the country 1

has to follow these, Laws.

R) This is the only way governments can function. Just like the government has the power to make decisions, similarly it has the power to enforce its decisions.

1. (A) is correct (R) is wrong b) (R) is correct (A) is wrong

c) Both (A) and (R) are correct d) Both (A) and (R) is wrong

1. A) Apartheid means separation on the basis of race. 1

R) According to apartheid law people of different races could mingle with each other, live near each other or even could use common facilities.

1. (A) is correct and (R) is wrong b) (R) is correct and (A) is wrong

c) Both (A) and (R) are correct d) Both (A) and (R) are wrong

1. The term suffrage means 1
2. Right to equality b) Right to vote c) Right to live d) Right to education
3. Ladakh is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
4. Plain b) Plateau c) Desert d) Mountain

**SECTION-B**

**II Read the extract and answer the following questions**

**(4x3=12)**

1. This site is located in a fertile plain, near the Bolan Pass, which is one of the most important routes into Iran. Mehrgarh was probably one of the places where people learnt to grow barley and wheat, and rear sheep and goats for the first time in this area. It is one of the earliest villages that we know about. At this site many animal bones were found. Bones of wild animals such as the deer and pig, and also bones of sheep and goat were found. Other finds at Mehrgarh include remains of square or rectangular houses. Each house had four or more compartments, some of which may have been used for storage.
   1. ) Mehrgarh is located in a fertile plain near the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pass. 1
   2. ) Which was the crop grown in Mehrgarh by men and women? 1
   3. ) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were reared in Mehrgarh for the first time. 1
   4. ) State whether the statement is true or false. 1

The other finds at Mehrgarh include remains of circular or

square houses.

1. Some celestial bodies do not have their own heat and light. They are lit by the light of the stars. bodies are called **planets**. The word ‘planet’ comes from the Greek word “Planetai” which means ‘wanderers’. The earth on which we live is a planet. It gets all its heat and light from the sun, which is our nearest star. If we look at the earth from a great distance, say the moon, it will appear to be shining just as the moon.
   1. ) Name the biggest planet of the solar system. 1
2. Mercury b) Jupiter c) Venus d) Saturn

22.2) The word planet comes from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ word. 1

22.3) Planetai means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1

* 1. ) The earth gets all its heat and light from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1

1. Maya Naidoo, an eleven year old South African girl living in the town of Johannesburg, was helping her mother clear up her old boxes. Apartheid means separation on the basis of race. South African people were divided into white, black, Indian and coloured races. According to the law, these races were not allowed to mingle with each other, to live near each other or even to use common facilities.

Hector and other school students were being forced to learn this

language but they wanted to learn their own language, Zulu.

* 1. Where did Maya Naidoo live? 1
  2. Apartheid means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
  3. South African people were divided into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
  4. White b.Black c. Indian d. All of these
  5. Hector and other students wanted to learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_language. 1

**SECTION- C (3x6)**

24. How did Harappan cities come to an end? Give reasons. 3

25. Identify the picture and write the features of it. 3



26.

1. What are parallels of latitudes? (1x3)
2. What is Prime Meridian?
3. Define Equator.

27. What would happen if the earth did not rotate? Give reasons. 3

28. Write any three features of Monarchy. 3

29. i) Mention any two features that show there are diversities in India. 2

ii) Why are sheep special in Ladakh region? 1

**SECTION- D (5x5)**

30. a) Give reasons why were the capital cities of Mahajanapadas (3+2)

fortified?

b) Mention the two major changes in the agriculture.

Or

Give reason how did Magadha become the most important Mahajanpadas. 5

31. What is a leap year? 5

**OR**

1. What is equinox? 2
2. What causes seasons? 1
3. Name the ancient Indian astronomer who stated that the earth is 1

round and rotates on its axis.

1. Define Orbital plane. 1

32. i) The sun is in the centre of the solar system. Explain. 3

ii) Write any two features of stars. 2

33. Why does every country need a government? 5

**OR**

1. Mention and explain the different levels of government. 3
2. What is Universal Adult Franchise? 1
3. Who wrote the journal “Young India” and when? 1

34. a) List the three ways in which people participate in the 3

process of government.

b) How were non-Whites treated in South Africa? 2

**SECTION- E**

35.1) In the given outline map of India identify the Palaeolithic sites. (1x3)



B

C

A

35.2) Draw a neat diagram to show heat zones of the earth. 2

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