** SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, HEBBAL**

**PERIODIC TEST - II (2023-24)**

**SUBJECT – Social Science**

**Class: IX Marks: 50**

**Date: 28/8/2023 Reading Time: 8:30 to 8:40 am Number of printed sides: 3 Writing Time: 8:40 to 10:40 am**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

* Question paper comprises four sections- A, B,C and D
* Section A- From question 1 to 10 are MCQ’s of 1 mark each
* Section B- From question 11to 19 are short and long answer type carrying 2,3 and 5 marks
* Section C -From 20 to 21 are of 4 marks each
* Section D -22 is map question
* All Questions are compulsory.
* Answer the Questions in the order of the sequence.

**SECTION A**

1. (A) The Russian Social Democratic Workers Party had to operate as an illegal **(1)** organisation.

(R) All Political Parties were illegal in Russia before 1914.

**Choose the correct option.**

1. Both Assertion and Reasoning are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
2. Both Assertion and Reasoning are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of(A).
3. A is true but R is false
4. A is false but R is true.
5. The demands of April Thesis were **(1)**
6. The war to be brought to a close.
7. Land to be transferred to the peasants.
8. Banks not to be nationalised.
9. All of the above
10. i & iii b. i & ii c. ii & iii b. iii & iv
11. Stalin collectivisation programme forced all peasants to cultivate in collective farms **(1)**

called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Kulaks b. Kolkhoz

c. Revolutionaries d. Duma

1. The Chota Nagpur Plateau marks the further eastward extension drained by the **(1)**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ river

* 1. Krishna b. Kaveri c. Narmada d. Damodar

1. Luni is the only river which drains the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. **(1)**
2. Dessert region of India
3. Peninsular region
4. Central Highland
5. Malabar Coast
6. Name the Autobiography of Nelson Mandela. **(1)**

a) Walk to Freedom b) The Long Walk to Freedom

c) Our freedom d) South Africa wins Freedom

1. **Match the following (1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **COLUMN A** | **COLUMN B** |
| A. Sovereign | i) Government will not favour any religion |
| B. Republic | ii) People have the supreme right to make decisions |
| C. Fraternity | iii) Head of the state is an elected person |
| D. Secular | iv) People should live like brothers and sisters |

**Options:**

1. A-i , B-ii, C-iii, D-iv b) A-iv, B-i , C-ii, D-iii
2. A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii d) A-ii, B-iii, C-iv, D-i
3. (A) A large population has been considered a liability, rather than an asset now **(1)**

a days.

1. Population can be turned into a productive asset by investment in human capital.

**Choose the correct option.**

1. Both Assertion and Reasoning are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
2. Both Assertion and Reasoning are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of A).
3. A is true but R is false
4. A is false but R is true
5. A situation wherein a number of youth with matriculation, graduation and post- **(1)**

graduation degree are not able to find suitable jobs is known as

* 1. Seasonal unemployment
  2. Disguise unemployment
  3. Educated unemployment
  4. Uneducated unemployment

1. Increase in longevity of life is an indication of **(1)**
   1. Good Quality of life
   2. Improvement in health sector
   3. Better Human Development Index
   4. Better Education level

**SECTION B**

1. Which countries constitutional features inspired our constitution makers? **(2)**
2. Why is Vikas a liability and not an asset? **(2)**
3. Explain the October Revolution of 1917 in Russia. **(3)**
4. Explain the incident that came to be known as Bloody Sunday.
5. Distinguish between the coastal strips of India that flank the Peninsular plateau. **(3)**
6. Analyse the importance of the Constitution. **(3)**
7. i. What is Human Capital Formation?  **(1+2)**

ii. Differentiate between Market activity and Non-market activity.

1. How do the Physical division of India complement each other? **(5)**
2. What are Constituent Assembly Debates? **(5)**

**SECTION C**

1. **Read the extract and answer the following.**

On 22 February, a lockout took place at a factory on the right bank. The next day, workers in fifty factories called a strike in sympathy. In many factories, women led the way to strikes. This came to be called the International Women’s Day. Demonstrating workers crossed from the factory quarters to the centre of the capital – the Nevskii Prospekt. At this stage, no political party was actively organising the movement. As the fashionable quarters and official buildings were surrounded by workers, the government imposed a curfew. Demonstrators dispersed by the evening, but they came back on the 24th and 25th. The government called out the cavalry and police to keep an eye on them.

20a) Mention the most significant result of February Revolution? **(1)**

20b) Name the international body formed to coordinate the ideas of Socialists? **(1)**

20c) What were the divisions in the layout of the Petrograd city? **(2)**

1. **Read the extract and answer the following.**

...human being is a positive asset and a precious national resource which needs to be cherished, nurtured and developed with tenderness and care, coupled with dynamism. Each individual’s growth presents a different range of problems and requirements. ... The catalytic action of education in this complex and dynamic growth process needs to be planned meticulously and executed with great sensitivity.

21a. Why are women less educated than men? **(1)**

21b. What is Sarva Siksha Abhiyan? **(2)**

21c. What is midday meal scheme? **(1)**

**SECTION D**

1. **Locate the following on the outline map of India. (1x3)**
   1. The Aravalli Range
   2. Malabar Coast
   3. Mahendragiri

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