



MARKS: 80
READING TIME: 8.30 -8.45am
WRITING TIME: 8.45-11.45am

- i) Question Paper comprises six sections-A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 37 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- ii) Section -A- From question 1 to 20 are MCQ of 1 mark each.
- iii) Section- B- Question no. 21 to 24 are very short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each.
- iv) Section- C- contains question no.25 to 29 are short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each.
- v) Section-D- question 30-33 are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- vi) Section E- question 34 to 36 are case based questions carrying 4 marks each.
- vii) Section-F- Question 37 is map based question carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37 b (3 marks) from Geography.
- viii) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one if the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

1

4.	One of the following statements about the river Narmada is not true? a. It flows through a rift valley b. It flows through a gorge near Jabalpur c. It plunges over steep rocks at the Dhuadhar falls d. Its tributaries are Tungabhadra and Musi	1
5.	Lakes are of great value to human beings. Which of the following statements about lakes given below is incorrect? a. Helps to regulate the flow of rivers b. It results in flooding c. Can be used for developing hydel power d. Enhances natural beauty	1
6.	Identify the most essential feature of democracy. a. In a democracy people can write about the problems in the government. b. In a democracy people can voice the opinion in their work place. c. In a democracy people elect their own representatives who run the government. d. In a democracy people have the power to take decisions who are in favour of the ruler.	1
7.	Identify the Fundamental Right associated with the following features. Statement 1: All minorities have the right to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice. Statement 2: Any sections of citizens with a distinct language or culture have a right to conserve it. a. Right to Freedom b. Cultural and Educational Rights c. Right to Equality d. Right to Constitutional Remedies	1
8.	Name the state in which grain banks have been set up by the NGO's. a. Gujarat b. Delhi c. Maharashtra d. Punjab	1
9.	In any society, people are bound to have difference of opinions and interests. Which is a better way of dealing with these conflicts? a. By brutal power exercised by the government. b. By allowing one group to dictate terms to others. c. By opting for a strong leader who should love all the powers. d. By providing equal opportunities to all.	1
10.	Hitler assigned responsibility of Germany's economic recovery to _____. a. Karl Marx b. Hindenburg c. Hjalmar Schacht d. Vladimir Stalin	1
11.	Read the statements and choose the correct option with reference to Market Activities. i. It includes production and consumption of goods. ii. It is performed for self-consumption. iii. It enables to realise the importance of education. iv. It is done for profit. a. ii, iv b. i, iv c. ii, iii d. i, ii	1
12.	In the questions given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. Assertion- A new system of declaration has been introduced on direction from the Supreme Court that every candidate has to be make a legal declaration giving full details. Reason- This information provides an opportunity to the voters to make their decision. a. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason is correct explanation of A. b. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason is not correct explanation of A. c. Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false. d. Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true.	1
13.	Arrange the following in Chronological order: i. Hitler pulled Germany out of the League of Nations. ii. Germany invaded Poland during the Second World War. iii. Hitler joined a small group called the German's Worker's Party. iv. Hitler was offered to become Chancellor of Germany by President Hindenburg. a. iii, iv, i and ii b. iii, i, ii and iv c. iv, iii, ii and i d. i, ii, iii and iv	1
14.	Read the data given and find out the status of production in India since 2000-01.	1

	statement with suitable example.	
24.	Imagine you would perhaps desire a system where security, dignity and fair play are assured to everyone. You might want, For E.g. - that no one should be arrested without proper reason and information and if someone is arrested, he or she should have a fair chance to defend themselves. In the light of the above passage, Explain the meaning of “Rights”.	2
	Section -C	
25.	“By 1927-28, the towns in Soviet Russia were facing an acute problem of grain supplies”. Substantiate with suitable reason how did they overcome from that situation.	3
26.	“The government has procured the Buffer Stock through Food Corporation of India”. Elaborate the activities related to creation of Buffer Stock. OR <div data-bbox="586 610 972 873" data-label="Image"> </div> <p>Study the given picture and answer the questions that follow:-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Is the family shown in the picture poor? Why? Mention the most devastating calamity that caused shortage of food in India. 	3 2 1
27.	The southernmost range of Himalaya is the Shiwaliks. Mention any three features of this range. OR ‘Beyond the Dihang gorge, the Himalayas bend sharply to the south and spread along the eastern boundary of India’. Elaborate.	3
28.	Point out the constraints on the power of the Prime Minister of a coalition government.	3
29.	Highlight the main features of National Health Policy.	3
	Section –D	5x4= 20
30.	Describe the regional variations in the climatic conditions of India with the help of suitable examples. OR List the features of the hot weather season.	5
31.	“The German Economy was the worst hit by the economic crisis”. Justify OR a. “Having acquired power, Hitler set out to dismantle the structures of democratic rule”. Highlight the events that led to the destruction. b. Elaborate the actions taken by Hitler in his foreign policy.	5 3 2
32.	“As protests and struggles against apartheid had increased, the government realised that they could no longer keep the blacks under their rule through repression.” The White regime changed its policies. With reference to the above statement a. Examine the changes that were brought about in the constitution of South Africa after 1994. b. Investigate the need for constitution. OR a. Justify the significance of Preamble of the Constitution. b. Identify and explain the guiding values embedded in Preamble of the Indian Constitution.	3 2 2 3
33.	a. Interpret the main causes for poverty in India. b. Describe the current Anti-poverty strategy of the government based on two planks. OR a. Distinguish between Social exclusion and Vulnerability. b. Discuss any three government programmes for poverty alleviation.	3 2 2 3
	Section -E	
34.	Read the extract and answer the following questions. In April 1917, Vladimir Lenin returned to Russia from his exile, Later he felt that the time was right for the Soviets to take over the power in Russia. He declared his demands	

	<p>which were known as “Lenin’s April Theses”. He also argued that his party to rename itself to indicate its new radical aims. Many others in his party were initially surprised by the April Theses. They thought that the time was not yet ripe for a socialist revolution and the Provisional Government needed to be supported. But the developments of the subsequent months changed their attitude.</p> <p>i. Elaborate the plan to seize the power and bring the city under control.</p> <p>ii. Lenin renamed his party as _____.</p> <p>iii. Explain the provisions of the April Theses.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>
35.	<p>Read the extract and answer the following questions.</p> <p>India is one of the most ancient civilizations in the world. It has achieved multi-faceted socio-economic progress during the last five decades. It has moved forward displaying remarkable progress in the field of agriculture, industry, technology, and overall economic development. India has also contributed significantly to the making of world history. India is a vast country. Lying entirely in the Northern hemisphere.</p> <p>To the southeast and southwest of the mainland, lie the Andaman and Nicobar islands and the Lakshadweep islands in the Bay of Bengal and the Arabian Sea respectively.</p> <p>i. What is the latitudinal and the longitudinal location of India?</p> <p>ii. Name latitudinal line divides India into approximately two equal parts.</p> <p>iii. Mention the size and area of the Indian landmass.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>
36.	<p>Read the extract and answer the following questions.</p> <p>The introduction of Rationing in India dates back to the 1940s against the backdrop of the Bengal famine. The rationing system was revived in the wake of an acute food shortage during the 1960s, prior to the Green Revolution. In the wake of the high incidence of poverty levels, as reported by the NSSO in the mid-1970s, three important food intervention programmes were introduced: Public Distribution System (PDS) for food grains (in existence earlier but strengthened thereafter); Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) (introduced in 1975 on an experimental basis) and Food-for-Work** (FFW) (introduced in 1977–78). Over the years, several new programmes have been launched and some have been restructured with the growing experience of administering the programmes.</p> <p>i. Find the scheme initiated for the “poor in all areas”.</p> <p>ii. Infer the changes that were brought through the White Revolution.</p> <p>iii. Evaluate the criticism of Public Distribution System.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>
	Section -F	
37.	<p>I. Identify the following on the given map of France.</p> <p>a. The city from which the name of the national anthem of France is inspired.</p> <p>b. Port city owed their economic prosperity to the flourishing slave trade.</p> <p>II. Identify and locate the following on given map of India. (any 3)</p> <p>a. The state having the highest population density.</p> <p>b. Pulicat lake</p> <p>c. Largest fresh water lake in India</p> <p>d. Aravalli range</p>	<p>2</p> <p>3</p>

